# **SPECIFICATION**

SPEC. No. C-LowT-a
D A T E: 2013 Sep.

То

# **Non-Controlled Copy**

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME

TDK PRODUCT NAME

MULTILAYER CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITORS

CGB Series / Commercial Grade

Low Profile

Please return this specification to TDK representatives. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

### RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE: YEAR MONTH DAY

TDK Corporation Sales Electronic Components Sales & Marketing Group TDK-EPC Corporation

Engineering

Ceramic Capacitors Business Group

APPROVED	Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

#### 1. SCOPE

This specification is applicable to chip type multilayer ceramic capacitors with a priority over the other relevant specifications.

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK-EPC Corporation Japan,

TDK (Suzhou) Co., Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A. Inc.

### **EXPLANATORY NOTE:**

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitors. The chips should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

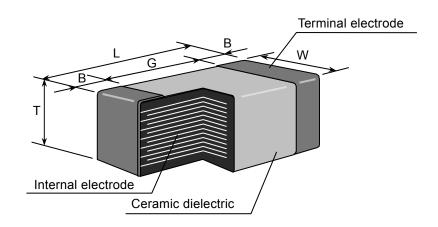
If the use of the chips goes beyond the bounds of the specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

### 2. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(Example)

Catalog Number :	CGB2	<u>A</u>	<u>3</u>	X5R	<u>0J</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>K</u>	033	<u>B</u>	<u>B</u>
(Web)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Item Description :	CGB2 (1)	<u>A</u> (2)	<u>3</u> (3)	<u>X5R</u> (4)	<u>0J</u> (5)	<u>105</u> (6)	<u>K</u> (7)	<u>T</u> (11)	<u>xxxx</u> (12)	

(1) Type



Please refer to product list for the dimension of each product.

### (2) Thickness

Symbol	Thickness
А	0.33 mm max.
В	0.55 mm max.
С	0.65 mm max.
T	0.22 mm max.

(3) Life Test Voltage Condition (Max. operating Temp./1000h)

Symbol	Condition		
1	1 x Rated voltage		
2	2 x Rated voltage		
3	1.5 x Rated voltage		



(4) Temperature Characteristics (Details are shown in table 1 No.6 at page 4)

(5) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V
0 G	DC 4 V

(6) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF).

The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

Example 105  $\rightarrow$  1,000,000pF (1µF)

(7) Capacitance tolerance

Symbol	Tolerance
K	± 10 %
М	± 20 %

- (8) Thickness code (Only Catalog Number)
- (9) Package code (Only Catalog Number)
- (10) Special code (Only Catalog Number)
- (11) Packaging (Only Item Description)

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(Bulk is not applicable for CGB2 type)

(12) Internal code (Only Item Description)



#### 3. RATED CAPACITANCE AND CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE

### 3.1 Standard combination of rated capacitance and tolerances

Temperature Characteristics	Capacitance tolerance	Rated capacitance
J B X5R X6S X7R X7S	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series

### 3.2 Capacitance Step in E series

E series	Capacitance Step					
E- 6	1.0	1.5	2.2	3.3	4.7	6.8

### 4. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
JB	-25°C	85°C	20°C
X5R	-55°C	85°C	25°C
X6S	-55°C	105°C	25°C
X7R/X7S	-55°C	125°C	25°C

### 5. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

5 to 40°C at 20 to 70%RH

6 months Max.

### 6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.



### 7. PERFORMANCE

table 1

No.	Item	Perf	ormance		Test	or inspection	method
1	External Appearance	No defects which performance.	Inspe	Inspect with magnifying glass (3×).			
2	Insulation Resistance	10,000M $\Omega$ or 5 (As for the capa voltage 16,10,6 10,000 M $\Omega$ or 1 whichever sma	Apply	rated v	oltage for 60s	S.	
3	Voltage Proof	Withstand test insulation breal damage.	Above 5s. Charg	e DC vo	charge curren	applied for 1 to	
4	Capacitance	Within the spec	sified tolerance.		ated oltage	Measuring frequency	Measuring voltage
				1E,	1C,1A	1kHz±10%	1.0±0.2Vrms.
				0,	J, 0G	1kHz±10%	0.5±0.2Vrms. 1.0±0.2Vrms.
				For information which product I measuring voltage, please contact sales representative.			
5	Dissipation Factor	T.C.  J B  X5R  X6S  X7R  X7S	condit For in Dissip	tion. formation F	·-	neasuring duct has which contact with our	
6	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance	Capacitan No vol J X5 X7 X6 X7	steps therm step. $\Delta C$ be	shown al equil	shall be measin the followir in the followir is obtated ref. STEIT Temperate Reference Min. operation Reference Max. operation	ng table after ined for each P3 reading ure(°C) temp.±2 ng temp±2 temp.±2	



No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method
7	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1 and apply a pushing force of 5N(CGB3,CGB4 type) 2N(CGB2 type) for 10±1s.  Pushing force  Capacitor  P.C.Board
8	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2a or Appendix 2b and bend it for 1mm.
9	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination.  25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot.  Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material.  A section	Completely soak both terminations in solder at 235±5°C for 2±0.5s.  Solder: H63A (JIS Z 3282)  Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839)    Rosin(JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.

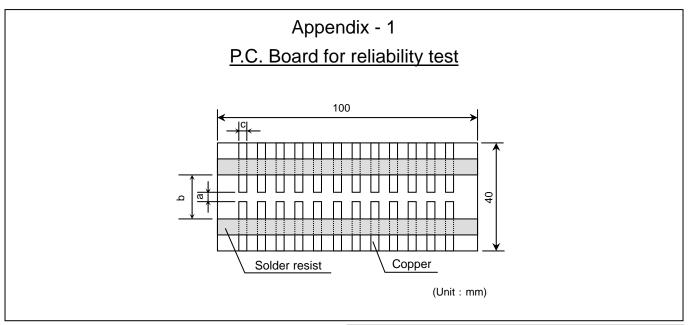
No.	Ite	em	Perfo	Performance		Test or inspection met	hod
10	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	No cracks are a terminations shall least 60% with r	all be covered at	solder	letely soak both termina at 260±5°C for 5±1s.	ations in
	neat	Capacitance	Characteristics	Change from the value before test	Т	ating condition emp. : 150±10°C ime: 1 to 2min.	
			J B X5R X6S X7R X7S	± 7.5 %	F	sopropyl alcohol (JIS K Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solution. r : H63A (JIS Z 3282)	
		D.F.	Meet the initial s	spec.	_	the capacitors in ambie	ent
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the initial s	•	condit	ion for 24 ± 2h before urement.	
		Voltage proof	No insulation br damage.	eakdown or other			
11	Vibration	External appearance	No mechanical	damage.	P.C.B	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1 before	
		Capacitance		<u> </u>	testing	<b>]</b> .	
			Characteristics	Change from the value before test			•
			J B X5R X6S X7R X7S	± 7.5 %			
		D.F.	Meet the initial spec.		perpendicular directions.		
12	Temperature cycle	External appearance	No mechanical	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1 before		
		Capacitance	Characteristics  J B  X5R  X6S  X7R  X7S	Change from the value before test  ± 7.5 %  ± 10 %  ± 12.5 %	Expos step1 conse	esting. Expose the capacitors in the condition step1 through step 4 and repeat 5 times consecutively.  Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24 ± 2h before	
			* Applied for some	e parts.			<u> </u>
		D.F.	Meet the initial	spec.	Step	Temperature(°C)	Time(min.)
		Insulation	Meet the initial s	spec.	$\frac{1}{2}$	Min. operating temp.±3	30 ± 3
		Resistance		•	2	Reference Temp.	2 - 5
		Voltage		eakdown or other	3	Max. operating temp±2	30 ± 2
		proof	damage.		4	Reference Temp.	2 - 5

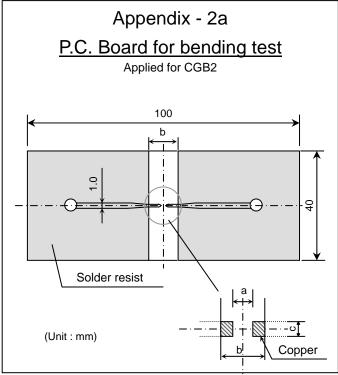
No.	Ito	em	Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method
13	Moisture Resistance (Steady	External appearance	No mechanical of	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1 before testing.
	State)	Capacitance  D. F.	Characteristics  J B  X5R  X6S  X7R  X7S  * Applied for some		Leave at temperature 40±2°C, 90 to 95%RH for 500 +24,0h.  Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24 ± 2h before measurement.
		Insulation Resistance	200% of initial s $1,000$ MΩ or $50$ M (As for the capa voltage $16,10,6$ . $1,000$ MΩ or $10$ M whichever small	MΩ·μF min. citors of rated 3 and 4V DC, MΩ·μF min.,)	
14	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical of	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1 before testing.
		Capacitance	Characteristics  J B  X5R  X6S  X7R  X7S  * Applied for some	Change from the value before test  ± 10 %  ± 12.5 %  ± 25 %	Apply the rated voltage at temperature 40 ± 2°C and 90 to 95%RH for 500 +24,0h.  Charge/discharge current shall not exceed 50mA.  Voltage conditioning
		D. F.	200% of initial s $500$ MΩ or $25$ MΩ		Voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour.
		Resistance	(As for the capa voltage 16,10,6. 500 M $\Omega$ or 5M $\Omega$ whichever small	3 and 4V DC, ·µF min.,)	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24 ± 2h before measurement.  Use this measurement for initial value.

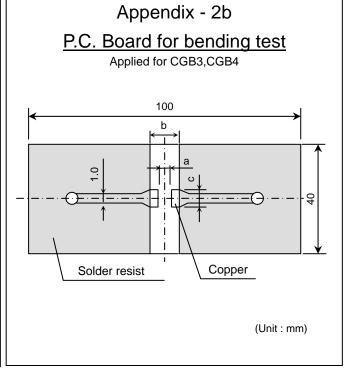


No.		Item	Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method
15	appearance		Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1		
		Capacitance	Characteristics  J B  X5R  X6S  X7R  X7S	Change from the value before test  ± 12.5 %  ± 15 %  ± 25 %	before testing.  Below the voltage shall be applied at Max. operating temp ± 2°C for 1,000 +48, 0h.  Applied voltage  Rated voltage × 2
		D. F.	* Applied for some parts.  200% of initial spec. max		Rated voltage × 1.5  Rated voltage × 1
		Insulation Resistance	1,000MΩ or 50M (As for the capac voltage 16,10,6.3 1,000 MΩ or 10M whichever smaller	IΩ·μF min. citors of rated 3 and 4V DC, IΩ·μF min.,)	For information which product has which applied voltage, please contact with our sales representative.  Charge/discharge current shall not exceed 50mA.  Voltage conditioning  Voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour.  Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24 ± 2h before measurement.  Use this measurement for initial value.

<sup>\*</sup>As for the initial measurement of capacitors on number 8,12,13,14 and 15, leave capacitors at 150 -10,0 $^{\circ}$ C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24 ± 2h in ambient condition.







Material: Glass Epoxy (As per JIS C6484 GE4)

P.C. Board thickness : Appendix-2a 0.8mm
Appendix-1, 2b 1.6mm

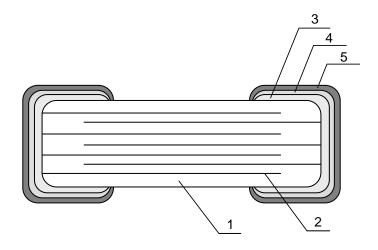
Copper ( thickness 0.035mm )

Solder resist

TDK (EIA style)	Dimensions (mm)			
TDR (EIA Style)	а	b	С	
CGB2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5	
CGB3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2	
CGB4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65	



# 8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL	
1	Dielectric	BaTiO₃	
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)	
3		Copper (Cu)	
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)	
5		Tin (Sn)	

### 9. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGB2 type, reflow soldering only.



### 12. Caution

	1			
No.	Process	Condition		
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Transportation)	<ol> <li>Storage</li> <li>The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt.</li> <li>The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur.</li> <li>Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew.</li> <li>Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability.</li> <li>Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time.</li> <li>Handling in transportation         <ul> <li>In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B 9.2 Handling in transportation)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
2	Circuit design Caution	2-1. Operating temperature Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially be careful with maximum temperature.  1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature.  2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature.  (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)  The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the 31 temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration.  2-2. Operating voltage  1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage.  When AC and DC are super imposed, V <sub>0-P</sub> must be below the rated voltage.  ———————————————————————————————————		

No.	Process			Condition		
2	Circuit design  A Caution		the rated voltage of the capacitors	e, if repetitive hig		or pulse is applied,
	7:X Cadion	The effective capacitance will vary depending on applied DC and AC voltages.     The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration.				
					C and/or pulse v erate audible sou	
3	Designing P.C.board	capacitors.  1) The greater t and the more shape and si terminations.	<ol> <li>The amount of solder at the terminations has a direct effect on the reliability of the capacitors.</li> <li>The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations.</li> <li>Avoid using common solder land for multiple terminations and provide individual</li> </ol>			chip capacitors, ard, determine the colder on the
			or each terminati			provide marvidual
		3) Size and reco				
			Chip capacitors Solder land			
		Solder resist			Solder resist	
			В	$\stackrel{A}{\longrightarrow}$		
		Flow solder	ring	(m	nm)	
		Type Symbol	CGB3 (CC0603)	CGB4 (CC0805	<u> </u>	
		A	0.7 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.3		
		В	0.8 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.2		
		C	0.6 - 0.8	0.8 - 1.1		
		Reflow solo	derina		(mm)	
		Туре	CGB2	CGB3	CGB4	
		Symbol	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)	
		А В	0.3 - 0.5 0.35 - 0.45	0.6 - 0.8 0.6 - 0.8	0.9 - 1.2	
		C	0.33 - 0.43	0.6 - 0.8	0.7 - 0.9	

No.	Process		Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	4) Recommended	d chip capacitors layout is as follo	wing.
			Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress
		Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
			Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.
			Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit
		Chip arrangement (Direction)	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
		Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress $(\ell_1 < \ell_2)$	Away from slit is less stress

No. Process

3 Designing P.C.board

Perforation

Perforation

The stress in capacitors is in the following order. A > B = C > D > E

6) Layout recommendation

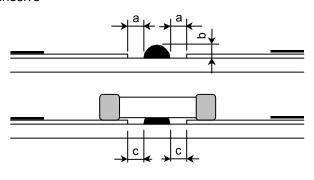
Example	Use of common solder land	Soldering with chassis	Use of common solder land with other SMD
Need to avoid	Lead wire Chip Solder PCB Adhesive Solder land	Chassis Excessive solder	Solder land  Excessive solder  Missing solder Solder land
Recommen- dation	Solder resist	Solder resist $\ell^2$ $\ell^2 > \ell^1$	Solder resist

No.	Process	Condition		
4	Mounting	capacitors to result  1) Adjust the bottom surface and not p  2) Adjust the mounti  3) To minimize the in	ad is adjusted too low, it may income in cracking. Please take following dead center of the mounting hearess it.  In the pressure to be 1 to 3N impact energy from mounting hear bottom side of the P.C.board.	ead to reach on the P.C.board of static weight.
			Not recommended Recommended	

	Not recommended	Recommended
Single sided mounting	Crack	Support pin
Double-sides mounting	Solder peeling Crack	Support pin

When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.

### 4-2. Amount of adhesive



Example: CGB4 (CC0805)

а	0.2mm min.			
b	70 - 100μm			
С	Do not touch the solder land			

No.	Process		С	ondition		
No. 5	Process Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Although highly-activat activity may also degra degradation, it is recom  1) It is recommended to Strong flux is not reco 2) Excessive flux must be 3) When water-soluble for Solder Wave sold Solder Preheating Peak Temp  Over 60 sec.  Peak Tem Manual Strong Solder Solde	ed flux gives be ide the insulation mended following ouse a mildly accommended. De avoided. Pleasilux is used, enotering profile by vering and according has a cooling has a cooling has a cooling and	tter solderability of the chip cannot be chip canno	pacitors. To avoid per amount of fluces and sold per amount of flu	Did such  O.1wt% chlorine  O.1wt% chlori
		O D Preheating	3sec. (As short a	solder As for solder	ing. CGB2 (CC0402), a	-
		5-3. Recommended sold	ering peak temp	and peak tem	p duration	
		Temp./Duration	Wave so	oldering	Reflow s	oldering
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.
		Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.
		Recommended solde Sn-37Pb (Sn-Pb sol Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu (Le	lder)			



No.	Process		Condi	tion	
5	Soldering	5-4. Avoiding thermal shock	k		
		Preheating condition			
		Soldering		Туре	Temp. (°C)
		Wave soldering	CGB3(CC0603), C	GB4(CC0805)	ΔT ≤ 150
		Reflow soldering	CGB2(CC0402), C	GB3(CC0603),	ΔT ≤ 150
		Manual soldering	CGB2(CC0402), C CGB4(CC0805)	CGB3(CC0603),	ΔT ≤ 150
		Cooling condition     Natural cooling using a cleaning, the temperature			dipped into a solvent for n 100°C.
			es and it may resu	ılt in chip cracking	n chip capacitors wher g. In sufficient solder may
		Excessive solder			her tensile force in capacitors to cause ck
		Adequate		Maximun Minimum	
		Insufficient solder		cau chip	v robustness may se contact failure or capacitors come off P.C.board.
		5-6. Solder repair by solder  1) Selection of the solderir Tip temperature of sold land size. The higher the heat shock may cause Please make sure the time in accordance with chip capacitors with the	ng iron tip der iron varies by the tip temperature e a crack in the chi tip temp. before s th following recom	e, the quicker the p capacitors. oldering and keep mended condition	o the peak temp and n. (Please preheat the
1		Recommended solde	er iron condition (S	n-Pb Solder and	Lead Free Solder)
		Temp. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W)	Shape (mm)

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	<ul> <li>2) Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron.</li> <li>5-7. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.</li> <li>5-8. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 1 (Informative) Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon)</li> </ul>
6	Clooning	
6	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power: 20 W/ & max.
		Frequency : 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.

No.	Process		Condition	
7	Coating and molding of the	1) When the	P.C.board is coated, please verify the	he quality influence on the product.
	P.C.board		rify carefully that there is no harmfu during curing which may damage th	
		3) Please ve	rify the curing temperature.	
8	Handling after chip mounted  Caution		y attention not to bend or distort the the chip capacitors may crack.	P.C.board after soldering in handli
			Bend	Twist
		2) When fur	nctional check of the P.C.board is pe	erformed, check pin pressure tends
		to be adj	usted higher for fear of loose contact the P.C.board, it may crack the chipse adjust the check pins not to bend	t. But if the pressure is excessive p capacitors or peel the termination
		Item	Not recommended	Recommended
			Termination	
		Danad	peeling	Support pin
		Board bending	peeling  Check pin	Support pin  Check pin
			peeling	
			peeling	

-	T					
No.	Process	Condition				
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	If dropped the chip capacitors may crack. Once dropped do not use it. Especially, the large case sized chip capacitors are tendency to have cracks easily, so please handle with care.    Crack   Floor   Floor				
		Piling the P.C.board after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitors of another board to cause crack.      P.C.board  Crack				
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.				
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 6 (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.				

	_	2
No.	Process	
No. 12	Others A Caution	Condition  The products listed on this specification sheet are intended for use in general electronic equipment (AV equipment, telecommunications equipment, home appliances, amusement equipment, computer equipment, personal equipment, office equipment, measurement equipment, industrial robots) and automotive application under a normal operation and use condition.  The products are not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of the applications listed below, whose performance and/or quality require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or trouble could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.  (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships, etc. except automotive application) (3) Medical equipment (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment
		(11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment
		(12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications
		When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment.



### 11. Packaging label

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 1) Inspection No.
- 2) TDK P/N
- 3) Customer's P/N
- 4) Quantity

\*Composition of Inspection No.

Example 
$$\underline{M}$$
  $\underline{2}$   $\underline{A}$  -  $\underline{OO}$  -  $\underline{OOO}$  (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

- a) Line code
- b) Last digit of the year
- c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- d) Inspection Date of the month.
- e) Serial No. of the day

# 12. Bulk packaging quantity

Total number of components in a plastic bag for bulk packaging : 1,000pcs. As for CGB2 type, not available for bulk packaging.



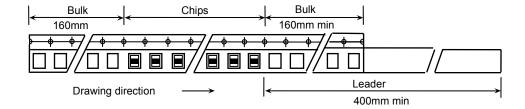
### 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

### 1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

### 1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4.

### 1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping

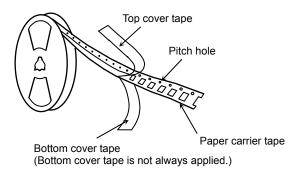


#### 1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 5.

Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 6.

### 1-4. Structure of taping



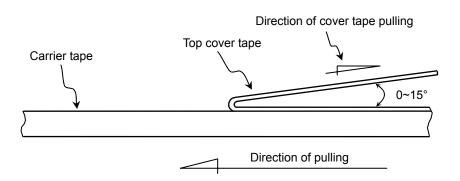
### 2. CHIP QUANTITY

Typo	Taping	Chip quar	ntity (pcs.)
Type	Material	φ178mm reel	φ330mm reel
CGB2	paper	10,000	50,000
CGB3	paper	4,000	10,000
CGB4	paper	4,000	10,000



### 3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape) 0.05-0.7N. (See the following figure.)

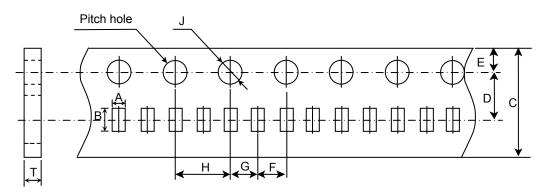


- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. The fixing tapes shall not protrude beyond the edges of the carrier tape not shall cover the sprocket holes.



# **Appendix 3**

### Paper Tape

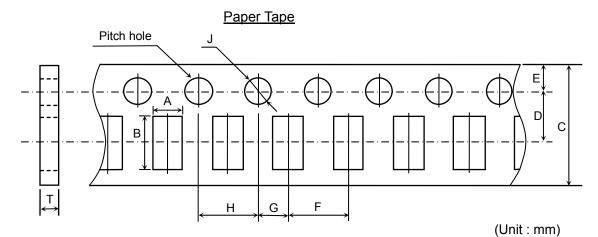


(Unit: mm)

Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGB2 (CC0402)	( 0.65 )	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	Т		
CGB2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 <sup>+0.10</sup> <sub>0</sub>	( 0.60 )		

<sup>\*</sup> The values in the parentheses ( ) are for reference.

# **Appendix 4**



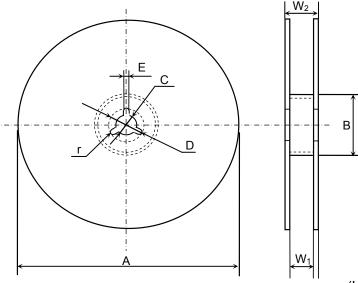
Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGB3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGB4 (CC0805)	( 1.50 )	(2.30)	0.00 1 0.00	3.30 ± 0.03	1.73 ± 0.10	4.00 1 0.10
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	Т		
CGB3 (CC0603) CGB4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10	1.10 max.		

<sup>\*</sup> The values in the parentheses ( ) are for reference.



# Appendix 5

(Material : Polystyrene)



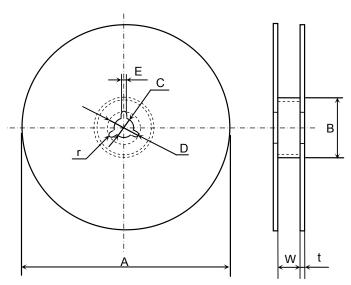
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W <sub>1</sub>
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W <sub>2</sub>	r
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

# **Appendix 6**

(Material : Polystyrene)



(Unit:mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	r
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0